



Beyond Bjøntegaard – Limits of Video Compression Performance Comparisons

C. Herglotz, M. Kränzler, R. Mons, A. Kaup
Lehrstuhl für Multimediakommunikation
und Signalverarbeitung

For 20 years...



...there is no video codec development without him

<https://www.tu.no/artikler/dr-philos-gisle-bjontegaard-er-tildelt-norwegian-tech-awards-hederspris/412169>

Probably the most cited standardization document ever

Google Scholar

Calculation of average PSNR differences between RD curves VCEG-M33

Artikel Ungefähr 4.250 Ergebnisse (0,10 Sek.)

Beliebige Zeit
Seit 2022
Seit 2021
Seit 2018
Zeitraum wählen...

Nach Relevanz sortieren
Nach Datum sortieren

[ZITATION] **Calculation of average PSNR differences between RD-curves**
G Bjontegaard - **VCEG-M33**, 2001 - ci.nii.ac.jp
CiNii 論文 - **Calculation of average PSNR differences between RD-curves ... Calculation of average PSNR differences between RD-curves ... VCEG-M33 ...**
☆ Speichern Zitieren **Zitiert von: 5664** Ähnliche Artikel Alle 4 Versionen

Intensity gradient technique for efficient intra-prediction in H. 264/AVC
AC Tsai, A Paul, JC Wang... - IEEE Transactions on ..., 2008 - ieeexplore.ieee.org
... enabled RD optimization and CABAC entropy coding for **different ... average difference**

[PDF] ieee.org
SFX@UB_FAU

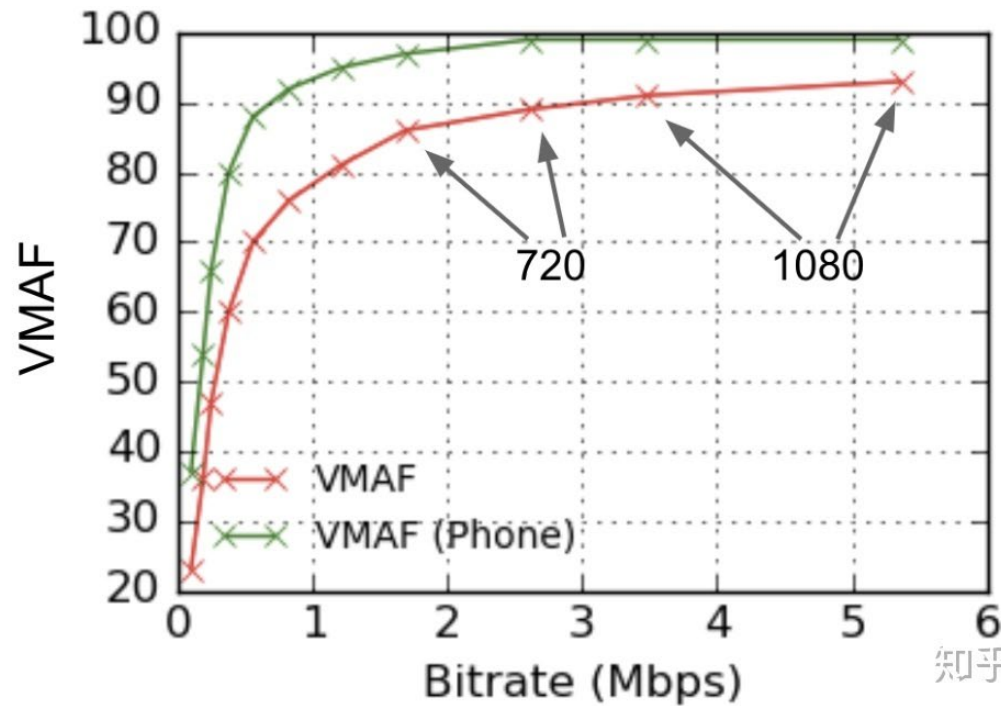
Four pages to calculate the difference between curves described by [1]

- Rate (bps)
- PSNR (dB)

The image displays four pages from a technical document. The top-left page is the title page, identifying the document as 'Document VCEG-M33' and 'ETSI TR 102 62 V1.0.0 (2001)'. It lists the authors as 'Mika Carls, Frank Hees (ETSI)' and the date as '24 April 2001'. The document title is 'Calculation of average PSNR difference between RD curves'. The top-right page contains the introduction and the first part of the mathematical derivation, defining the average PSNR difference as $PSNR_{avg} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (PSNR_{i,1} - PSNR_{i,2})$. The bottom two pages feature graphs: Figure 1 shows a 'Normal RD plot' with PSNR (dB) on the y-axis and Rate (kbps) on the x-axis, illustrating two curves and their difference. Figure 2 shows a 'Log X-axis' plot, where the x-axis is logarithmic, and Figure 3 shows a 'Log Y-axis' plot, where the y-axis is logarithmic. Both graphs show two curves and their difference.

Bjøntegaard, G.
 Calculation of average PSNR differences between RD curves
 VCEG-M33, VCEG-M33, 2001.

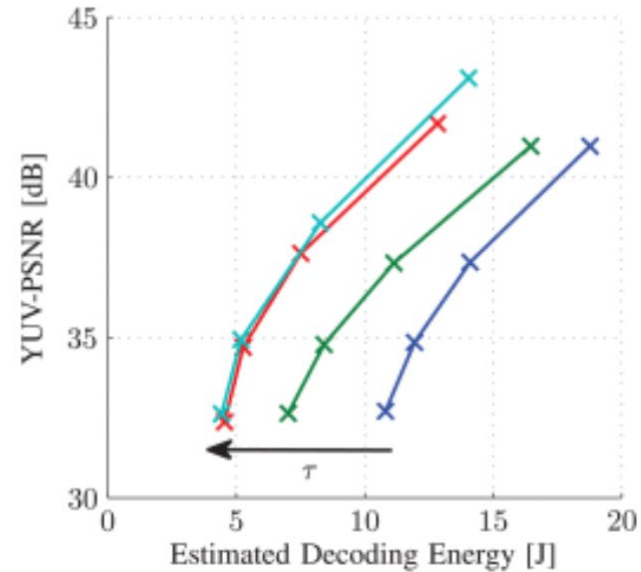
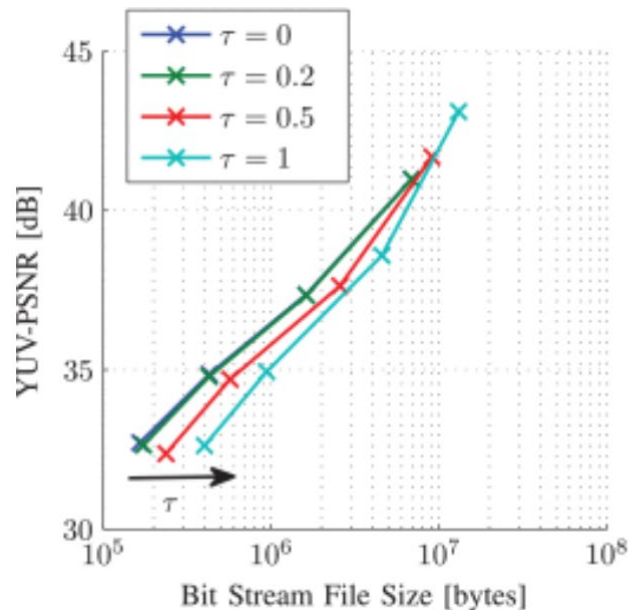
But there is more than just rate-distortion (RD)



知乎 @蒲小花

<https://zhuanlan.zhihu.com/p/94223056>

But there is more than just rate-distortion (RD)



➔ 40% energy savings w.r.t. constant quality

C. Herglotz, A. Heindel and A. Kaup, "Decoding-Energy-Rate-Distortion Optimization for Video Coding," in *IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems for Video Technology*, vol. 29, no. 1, pp. 171-182, Jan. 2019.

Comparison of apples with pears

Startseite FAQ Impressum Unterstützen Der Postillon 1845-2021 Das Postillon-Archiv Postillon24 Shopillon Postillon durchsuchen...



Der Postillon

Ehrliche Nachrichten - unabhängig, schnell, seit 1845

Politik Wirtschaft Sport Leute Medien Wissenschaft Panorama Ratgeber Newsticker Live-Tour

NEWSTICKER +++ Moorbuskron': Darmpatient wird Deutscher Meister der Feuchtgebietpersonalförderung +++

Donnerstag, 11. Mai 2017

Forscher vergleichen erstmals erfolgreich Äpfel mit Birnen



Berlin (dpo) - Berliner Wissenschaftler haben erstmals gewagt, was bislang als unmöglich galt: Sie haben Äpfel mit Birnen verglichen – und zwar erfolgreich. Die Ergebnisse der Pioniertat veröffentlicht das renommierte "Empiric Science Magazin" in seiner neuesten Ausgabe.

"Seit Jahrhunderten heißt es, man könne Äpfel nicht mit Birnen vergleichen", sagt

AUS DEM ARCHIV

REKLAME



FAKTILLON

Tweets by Faktillon

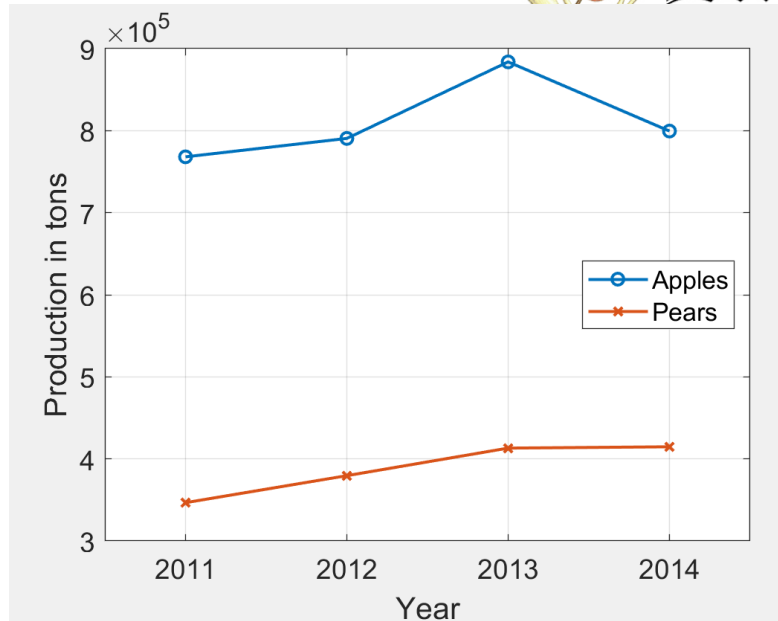
POSTILLON MINUS

Nur für **Postillon-Minus-Abonnenten**. Einloggen und den Postillon werbefrei genießen: **S LOGIN MIT STEADY**

Hinweis: Aktuell leider nur auf Desktop

<https://www.der-postillon.com/2017/05/aepfel-birnen.html>

Comparison of apples with pears



➔ 52% lower pear-production w.r.t. constant year in South-Africa

unmöglich galt: Sie haben Äpfel mit Birnen verglichen – und zwar erfolgreich. Die Ergebnisse der Pioniertat veröffentlicht das renommierte "Empiric Science Magazin" in seiner neuesten Ausgabe.

"Seit Jahrhunderten heißt es, man könne Äpfel nicht mit Birnen vergleichen", sagt

<https://www.statista.com/>



Postillon - unabhängig, schnell, seit 1845

Ratgeber Newsticker Live-Tour

Postillon - der Feuchtgebietpersonenbeförderung +++

AUS DEM ARCHIV

Postillon mit

REKLAME



FAKTILLON

Tweets by Faktillon

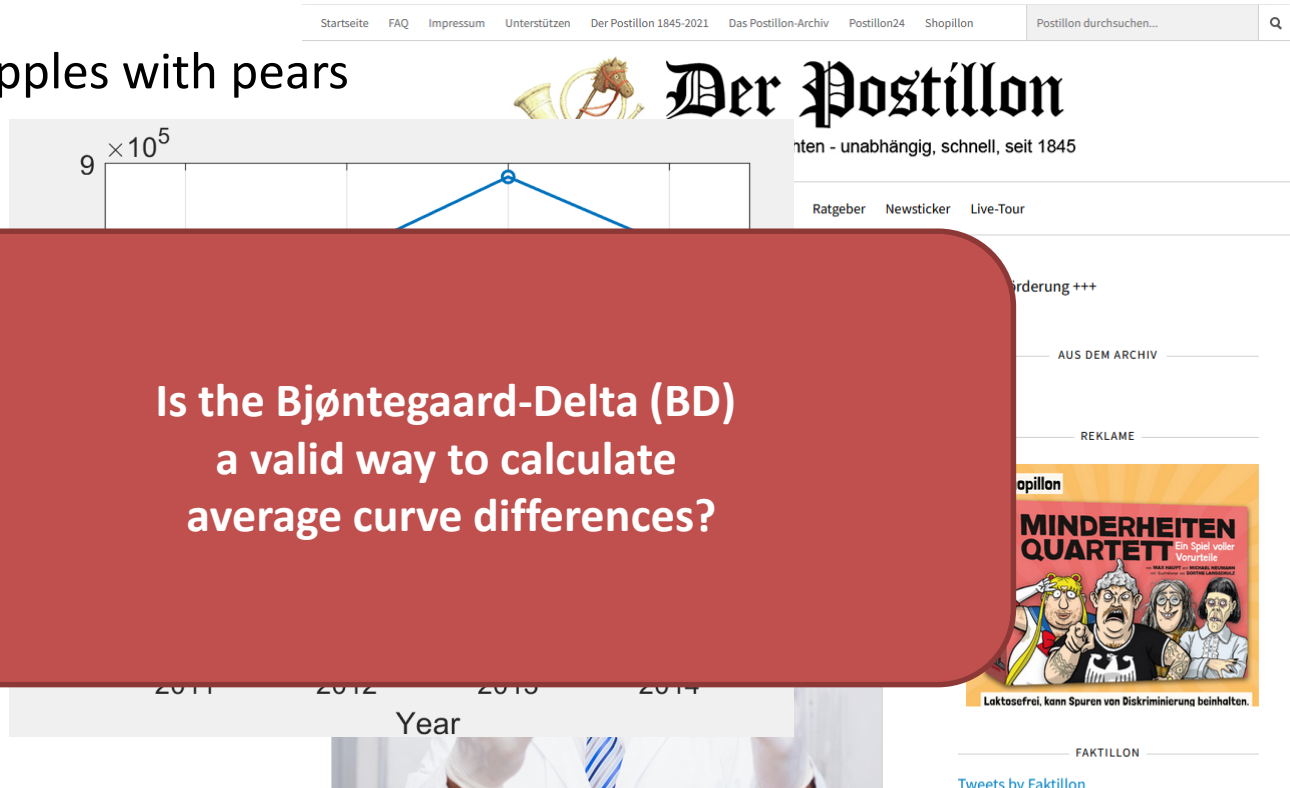
...LON MINUS

...LON MINUS-Abonnenten.
Einloggen und den Postillon werbefrei

genießen: **S** LOGIN MIT STEADY

Hinweis: Aktuell leider nur auf Desktop

Comparison of apples with pears



➔ 52% lower pear-production w.r.t. constant year in South-Africa

unmöglich galt: Sie haben Äpfel mit Birnen verglichen – und zwar erfolgreich. Die Ergebnisse der Pioniertat veröffentlicht das renommierte "Empiric Science Magazin" in seiner neuesten Ausgabe.

"Seit Jahrhunderten heißt es, man könne Äpfel nicht mit Birnen vergleichen", sagt

<https://www.statista.com/>

Outline

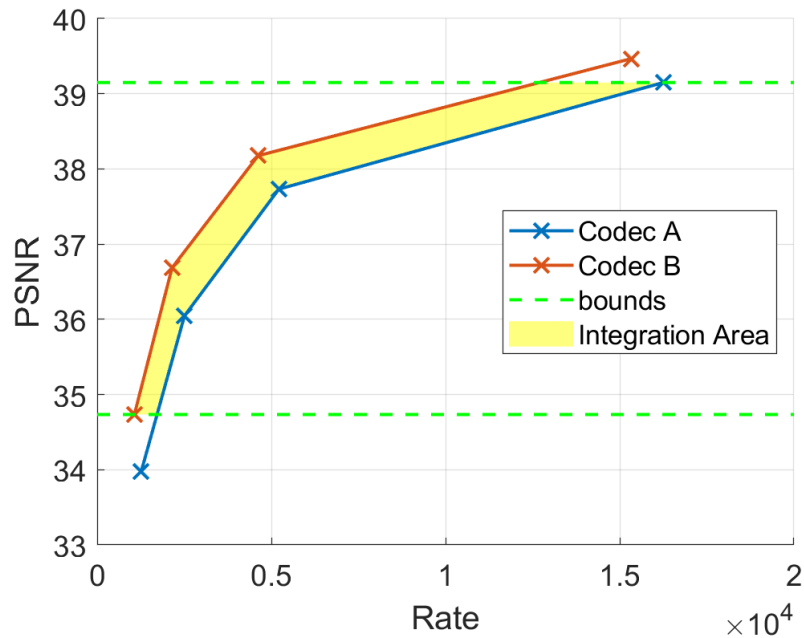
- The BD Calculus
- Interpolation Methods
- Evaluation
- Summary & Outlook

Outline

- **The BD Calculus**
- Interpolation Methods
- Evaluation
- Summary & Outlook

The BD Calculus

Visualization of the Calculus



➔ **33% lower rate of codec B w.r.t. codec A**

The BD Calculus

Mathematical Description of the Calculus

- For each codec, four RD points with **monotonic** values are given

The BD Calculus

Mathematical Description of the Calculus

- For each codec, four RD points with **monotonic** values are given
- Take the log of the rates

The BD Calculus

Mathematical Description of the Calculus

- For each codec, four RD points with **monotonic** values are given
- Take the log of the rates
- Find piecewise cubic interpolants for the two codecs k as

$$\hat{r}_k(D) = a_k + b_k \cdot D + c_k \cdot D^2 + d_k \cdot D^3$$

The BD Calculus

Mathematical Description of the Calculus

- For each codec, four RD points with **monotonic** values are given
- Take the log of the rates
- Find piecewise cubic interpolants for the two codecs k as

$$\hat{r}_k(D) = a_k + b_k \cdot D + c_k \cdot D^2 + d_k \cdot D^3$$

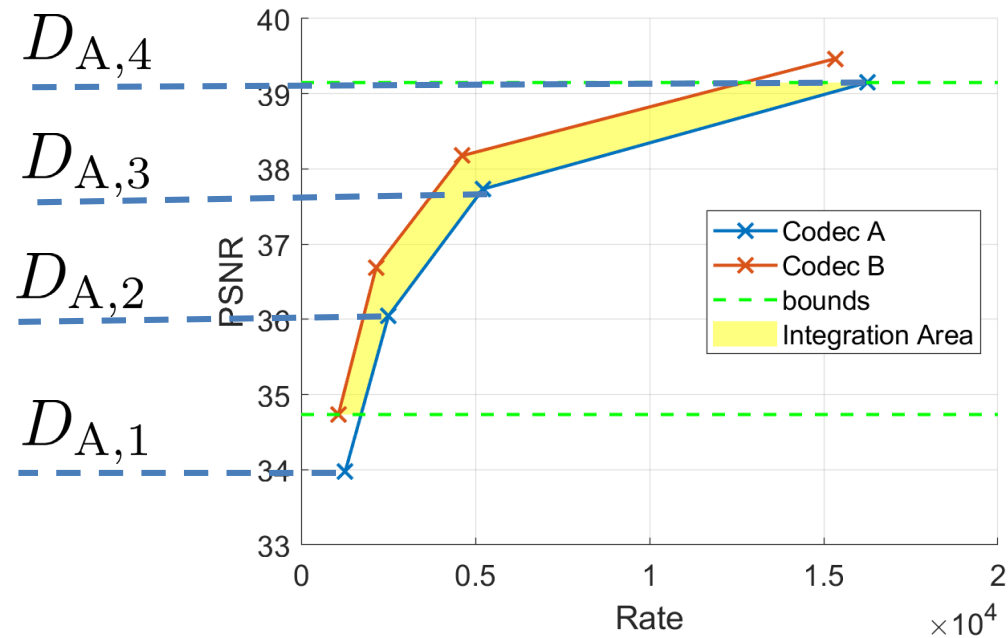
Rate in log-domain

Interpolation
parameters

Distortion (PSNR)

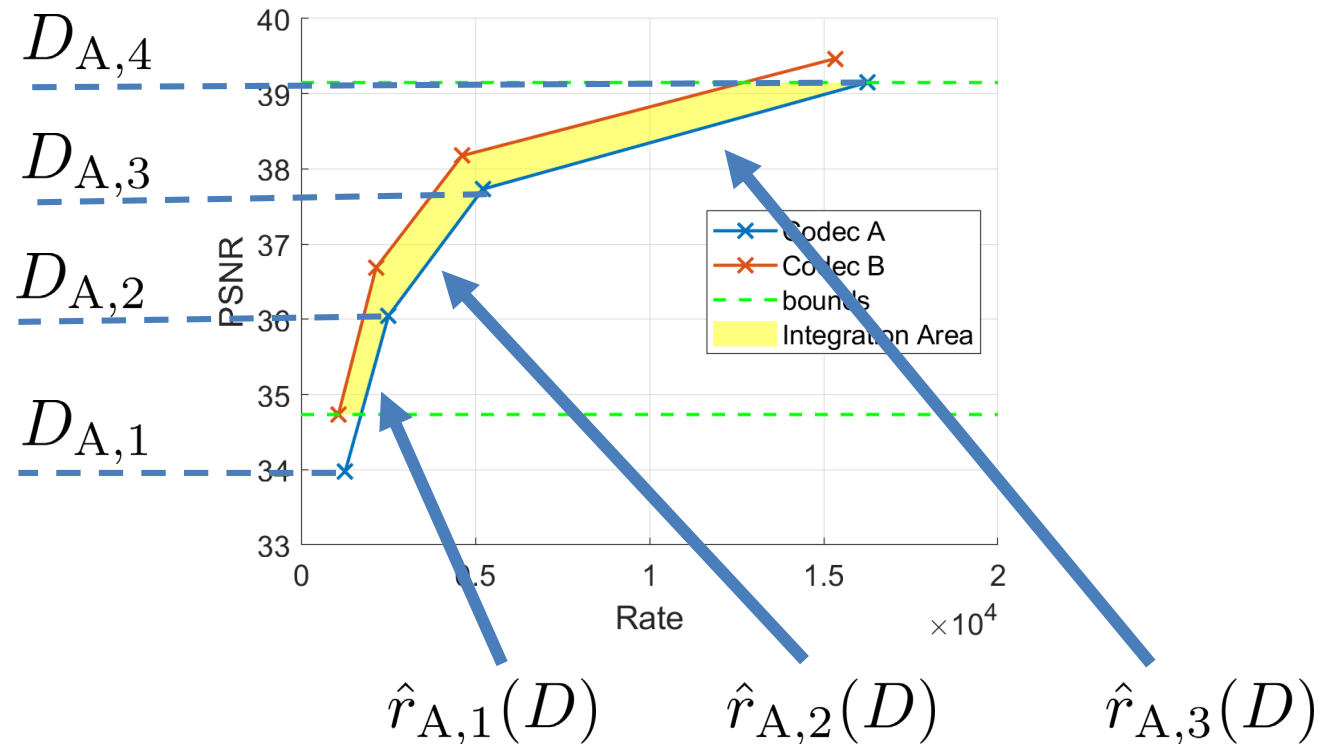
The BD Calculus

Visualization of the Calculus



The BD Calculus

Visualization of the Calculus



The BD Calculus

Mathematical Description of the Calculus

- For each codec, four RD points with **monotonic** values are given
- Take the log of the rates
- Find piecewise cubic interpolants for the two codecs k as

$$\hat{r}_k(D) = a_k + b_k \cdot D + c_k \cdot D^2 + d_k \cdot D^3$$

- Determine integration bounds (minimum and maximum overlap of PSNR)

The BD Calculus

Mathematical Description of the Calculus

- For each codec, four RD points with **monotonic** values are given
- Take the log of the rates
- Find piecewise cubic interpolants for the two codecs k as

$$\hat{r}_k(D) = a_k + b_k \cdot D + c_k \cdot D^2 + d_k \cdot D^3$$

- Determine integration bounds (minimum and maximum overlap of PSNR)
- Calculate the BD-rate by

$$\Delta R = 10^{\frac{1}{D_{\text{high}} - D_{\text{low}}} \int_{D_{\text{low}}}^{D_{\text{high}}} \hat{r}_B(D) - \hat{r}_A(D) dD} - 1$$

The BD Calculus

Mathematical Description of the Calculus

- For each codec, four RD points with **monotonic** values are given
- Take the log of the rates
- Find piecewise cubic interpolants for the two codecs k as

$$\hat{r}_k(D) = a_k + b_k \cdot D + c_k \cdot D^2 + d_k \cdot D^3$$

- Determine ΔR (How to interpolate correctly? p of PSNR)
- Calculate the BD-rate by

$$\Delta R = 10^{\frac{1}{D_{\text{high}} - D_{\text{low}}} \int_{D_{\text{low}}}^{D_{\text{high}}} \hat{r}_B(D) - \hat{r}_A(D) dD} - 1$$

Outline

- The BD Calculus
- **Interpolation Methods**
- Evaluation
- Summary & Outlook

Interpolation Methods

Cubic Spline Interpolation (CSI)

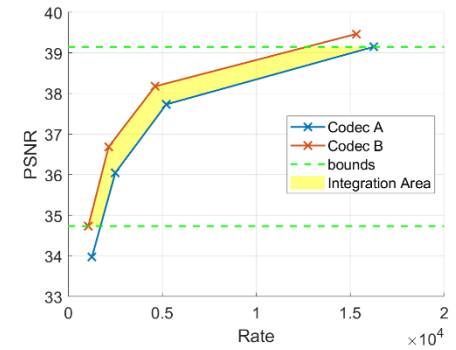
- Used in VCEG-M33 [1]
- Boundary constraints:

$$\hat{r}_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1})$$

$$\hat{r}'_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}'_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1})$$

$$\hat{r}''_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}''_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1})$$

$$\hat{r}'''_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}'''_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1}) \quad (\text{not-a-knot})$$



Interpolation Methods

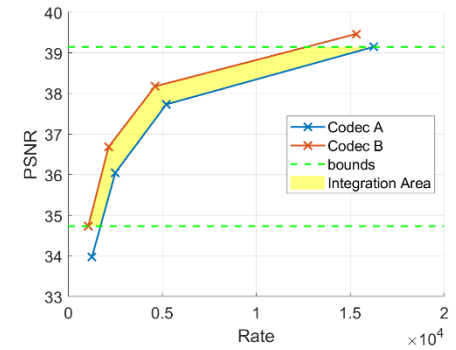
Relaxed interpolation methods

- Boundary constraints:

$$\hat{r}_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1})$$

$$\hat{r}'_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}'_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1})$$

➔ Further constraints needed



Interpolation Methods

Relaxed interpolation methods

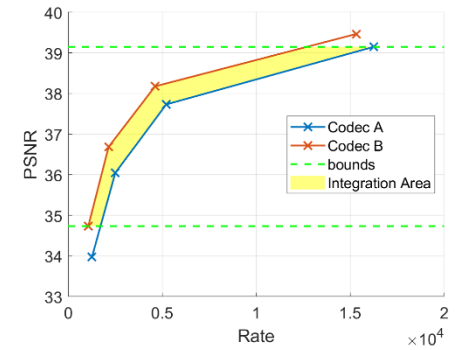
- Boundary constraints:

$$\hat{r}_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1})$$

$$\hat{r}'_{A,i}(D_{i+1}) = \hat{r}'_{A,i+1}(D_{i+1})$$

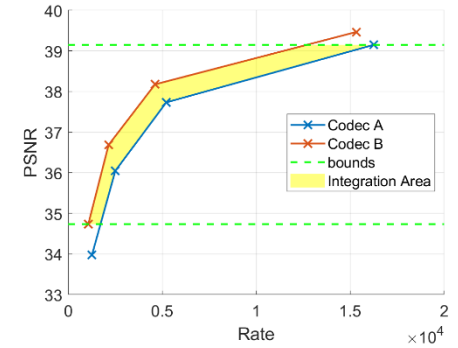
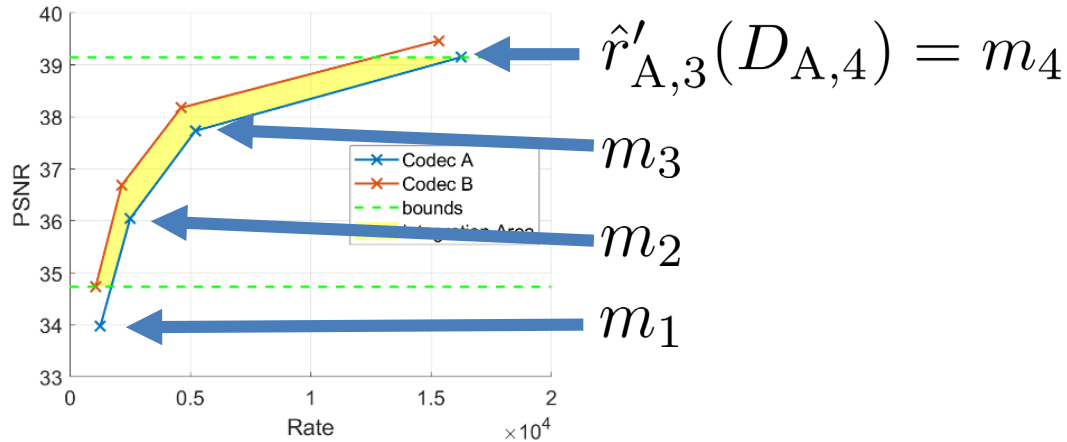
→ Further constraints needed

→ Basis for PCHIP (used in JVET) and Akima (proposed)



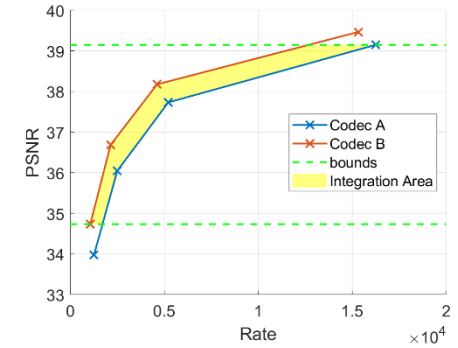
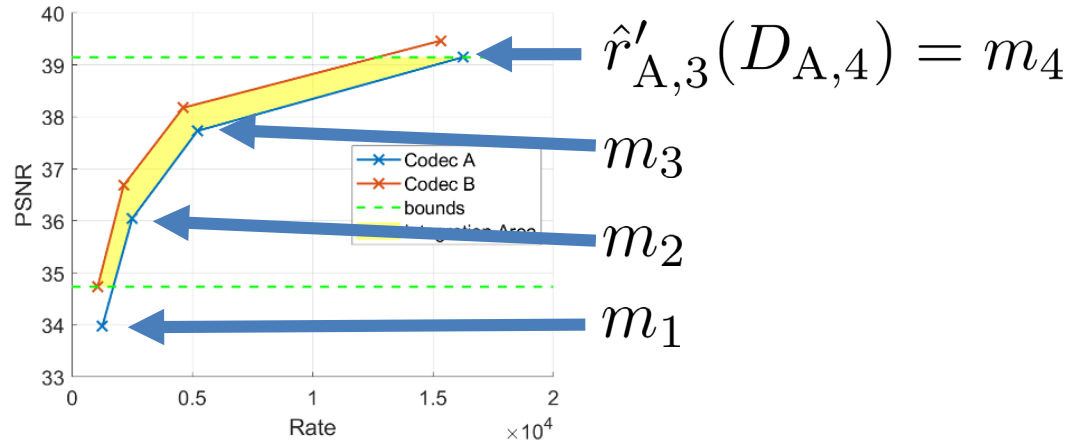
Interpolaton Methods

Idea: Smart choice of derivatives m_i in supporting points

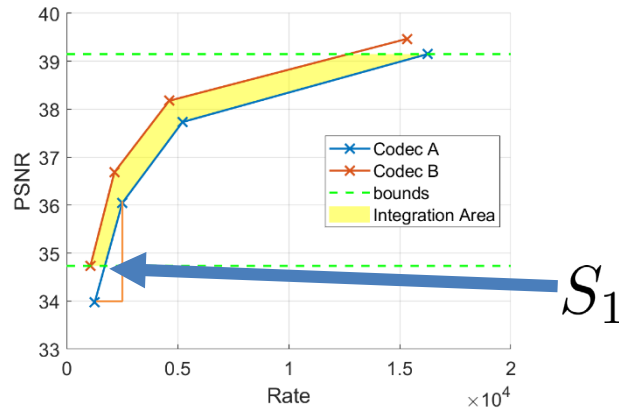


Interpolation Methods

Idea: Smart choice of derivatives m_i in supporting points

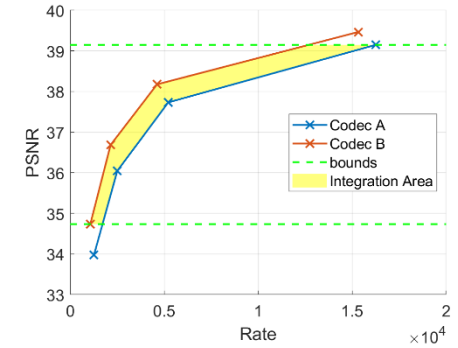
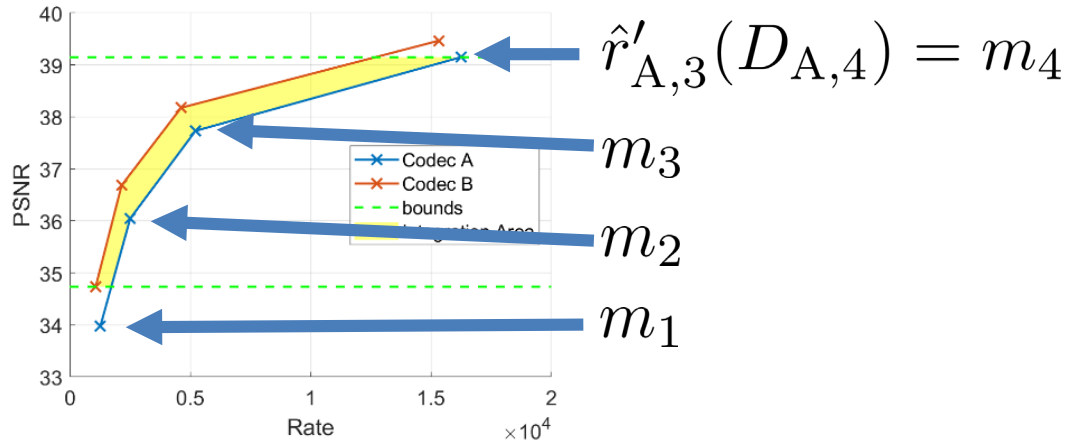


based on linear slopes between supporting points S_i

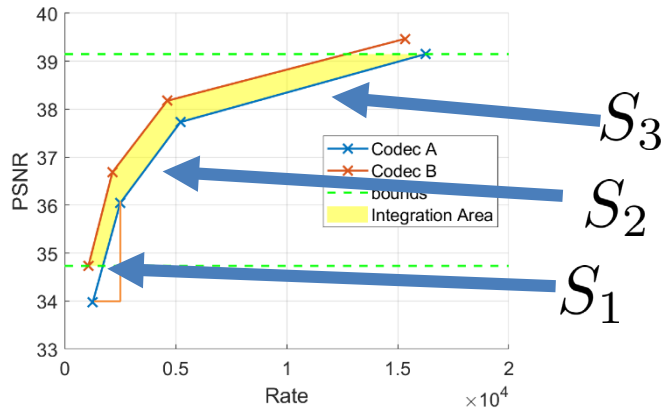


Interpolation Methods

Idea: Smart choice of derivatives m_i in supporting points



based on linear slopes between supporting points S_i



Interpolation Methods

Piecewise cubic hermite interpolation polynomial (PCHIP) [2]

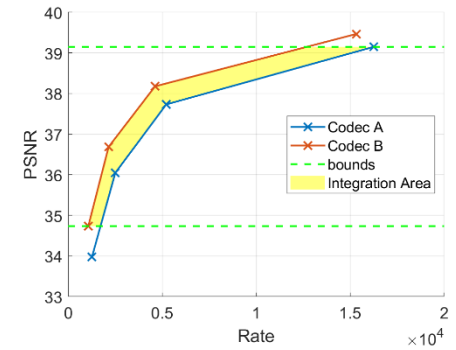
- Used in JVET [3]
- Inner supporting points

$$m_i = \frac{S_i S_{i+1}}{\alpha S_{i+1} + (1-\alpha) S_i}, \quad i = 2, 3$$

$\alpha = \text{complicated}$

- Outer supporting points

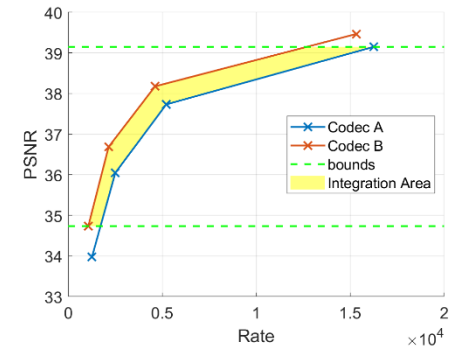
$$m_i = \frac{(2\Delta D_1 + \Delta D_2) S_1 - \Delta D_1 S_2}{\Delta D_1 + \Delta D_2}, \quad i = 1, 4$$



Interpolation Methods

Piecewise cubic hermite interpolation polynomial (PCHIP)

- Used in JVET
- Inner supporting points



With constant $\Delta D = 1$ between supporting points

$$m_i = \frac{2S_i S_{i+1}}{S_{i+1} + S_i}, \quad i = 2, 3$$

- Outer supporting points

$$m_i = \frac{3S_1 - S_2}{2}, \quad i = 1, 4$$

→ Bias towards smaller slopes

Interpolation Methods

Akima Interpolation

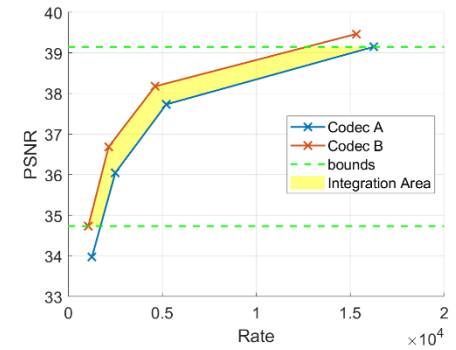
- Proposed in [4]
- Derivatives calculated by

$$m_i = \frac{|S_{i+1} - S_i| |S_{i-1}| + |S_{i-1} - S_{i-2}| |S_i|}{|S_{i+1} - S_i| + |S_{i-1} - S_{i-2}|}$$

with additional slopes

$$S_0 = 2S_1 - S_2$$

$$S_{-1} = 2S_0 - S_1$$



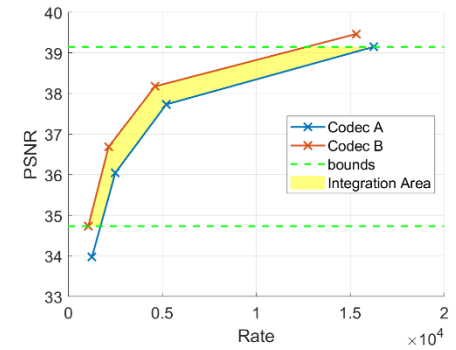
[1] C. Herglotz, M. Kränzler, R. Mons, A. Kaup, „ Beyond Bjøntegaard – Limits of Video Compression Performance Comparisons“, accepted for IEEE International Conference on Image Processing (ICIP), Bordeaux, 2022.

Interpolation Methods

Akima Interpolation

- Proposed in [4]
- Derivatives calculated by

$$m_i = \frac{|S_{i+1} - S_i| |S_{i-1}| + |S_{i-1} - S_{i-2}| |S_i|}{|S_{i+1} - S_i| + |S_{i-1} - S_{i-2}|}$$



with ad

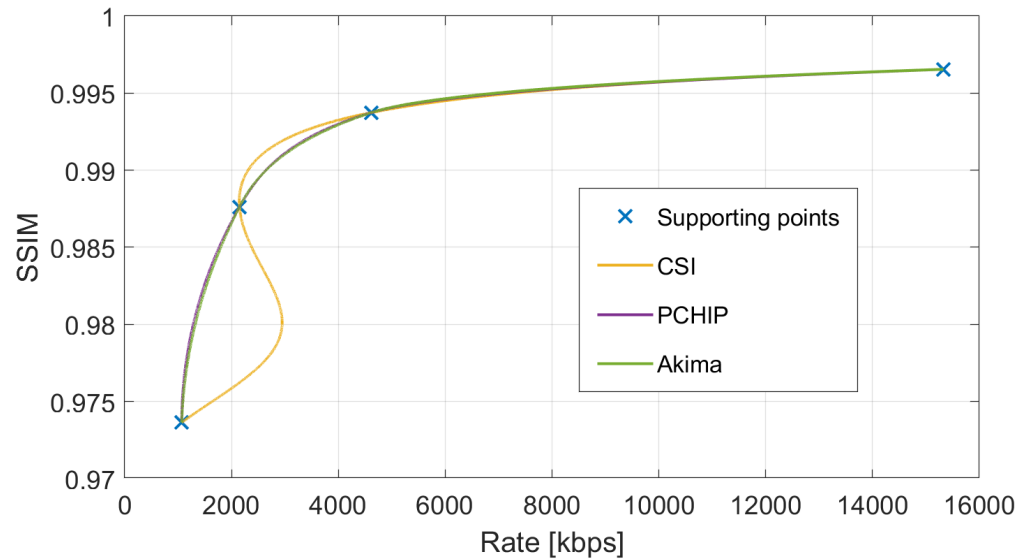
Emphasis on homogeneous slopes

→ At borders, the local slope dominates

tegaard – Limits of
for IEEE International
Conference on Image Processing (ICIP), Bordeaux, 2022.

Interpolation Methods

Visual Example

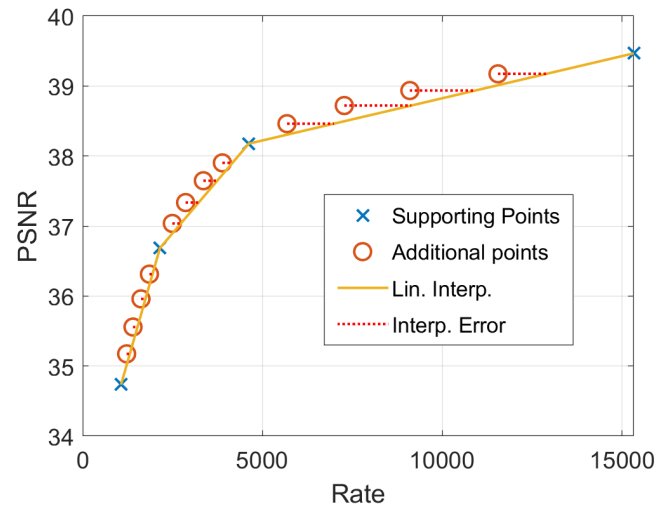


Outline

- The BD Calculus
- Interpolation Methods
- **Evaluation**
- Summary & Outlook

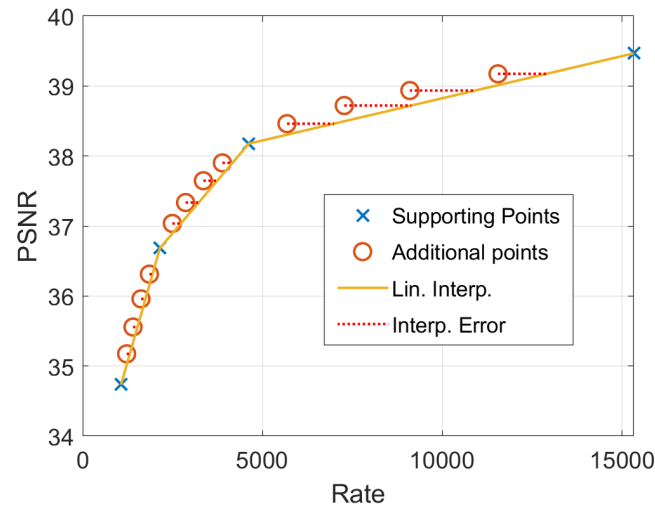
Evaluation

Check the interpolation accuracy for intermediate points



Evaluation

Check the interpolation accuracy for intermediate points



Calculate mean relative error over all points

$$e = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{|10^{\hat{r}(D_n)} - R_n|}{R_n}$$

n : Point index (QP)

N : Number of points

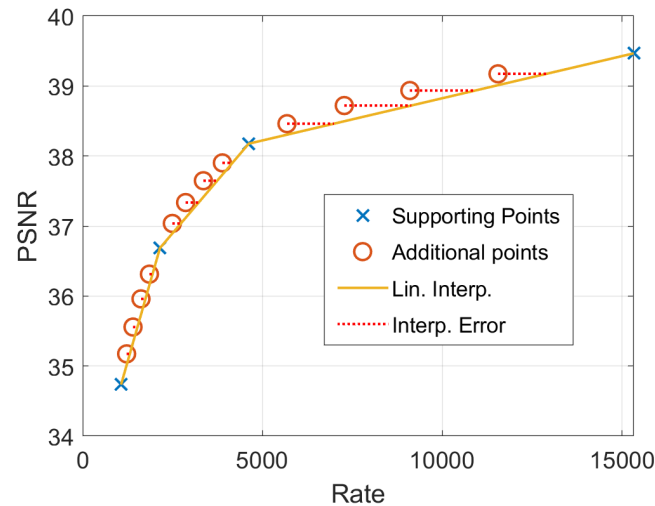
D_n : Distortion of n -th point

R_n : Rate of n -th point

$10^{\hat{r}(D_n)}$: Interpolated rate of n -th point

Evaluation

Check the interpolation accuracy for intermediate points



Maximum relative error over all points

$$E = \max \frac{|10^{\hat{r}(D_n)} - R_n|}{R_n}$$

n : Point index (QP)

N : Number of points

D_n : Distortion of n -th point

R_n : Rate of n -th point

$10^{\hat{r}(D_n)}$: Interpolated rate of n -th point

Evaluation

Evaluation setup

- Six sequences from JVET CTC
- QPs from 22 to 37, supporting points {22, 27, 32, 37}
- Encoding with VTM and HM
- 10 bit internal bit-depth (HM and VTM)

Performance metrics

- PSNR-Bitrate
- SSIM-Bitrate
- VMAF-Bitrate
- PSNR-Energy
- VMAF-Energy

Evaluation

Interpolation errors

PM pair	PSNR - Bitrate	
	\bar{e}	E_{\max}
CSI	0.630%	5.151%
PHIP	0.420%	4.103%
Akima	0.370%	4.855%

Evaluation

Interpolation errors

PM pair	PSNR - Bitrate		SSIM - Bitrate	
	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}
CSI	0.630%	5.151%	9.130%	110.446%
PHIP	0.420%	4.103%	1.709%	9.329%
Akima	0.370%	4.855%	1.121%	7.439%

Evaluation

Interpolation errors

PM pair	PSNR - Bitrate		SSIM - Bitrate		VMAF - Bitrate	
	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}
CSI	0.630%	5.151%	9.130%	110.446%	5.587%	29.093%
PHIP	0.420%	4.103%	1.709%	9.329%	2.010%	12.971%
Akima	0.370%	4.855%	1.121%	7.439%	1.402%	10.576%

Evaluation

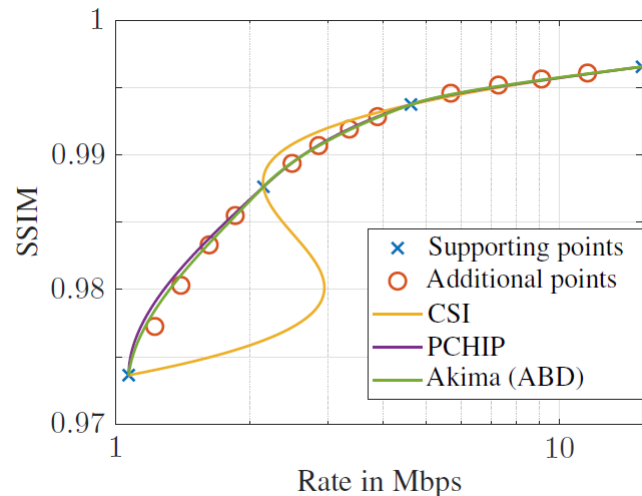
Interpolation errors

PM pair	PSNR - Bitrate		SSIM - Bitrate		VMAF - Bitrate		PSNR - Energy		VMAF - Energy	
	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}
CSI	0.630%	5.151%	9.130%	110.446%	5.587%	29.093%	0.992%	7.060%	2.588%	14.705%
PHIP	0.420%	4.103%	1.709%	9.329%	2.010%	12.971%	0.917%	7.093%	1.140%	7.046%
Akima	0.370%	4.855%	1.121%	7.439%	1.402%	10.576%	0.904%	7.066%	1.064%	7.053%

Evaluation

Interpolation errors

PM pair	PSNR - Bitrate		SSIM - Bitrate		VMAF - Bitrate		PSNR - Energy		VMAF - Energy	
	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}	\bar{e}	E_{\max}
CSI	0.630%	5.151%	9.130%	110.446%	5.587%	29.093%	0.992%	7.060%	2.588%	14.705%
PHIP	0.420%	4.103%	1.709%	9.329%	2.010%	12.971%	0.917%	7.093%	1.140%	7.046%
Akima	0.370%	4.855%	1.121%	7.439%	1.402%	10.576%	0.904%	7.066%	1.064%	7.053%



Outline

- The BD Calculus
- Interpolation Methods
- Evaluation
- **Summary & Outlook**

Summary & Outlook

- **CSI should not be used for BD**
- **PCHIP and Akima return more accurate results**
- **Akima outperforms PCHIP**
- **Impact of these accuracies on BD-rate?**
- **Other questions?**

Python Implementation

<https://github.com/FAU-LMS/bjontegaard>

Bibliography

- [1] G. Bjøntegaard, "Calculation of average PSNR differences between RD curves," document, VCEG-M33, Austin, TX, USA, Apr. 2001.
- [2] F. N. Fritsch, R. E. Carlson., "Monotone piecewise cubic interpolation." *SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis* 17.2 (1980): 238-246.
- [3] F. Bossen, J. Boyce, X. Li, V. Seregin, and K. Sühning, "JVET common test conditions and software reference configurations for SDR video," AHG Report, JVET-N1010, ITU/ISO/IEC Joint Video Exploration Team (JVET), Jan. 2017.
- [4] H. Akima, "A new method of interpolation and smooth curve fitting based on local procedures," *Journal of the ACM (JACM)*, vol. 17, no. 4, pp. 589–602, 1970.
- [5] C. Herglotz, M. Kränzler, R. Mons, A. Kaup, „ Beyond Bjøntegaard – Limits of Video Compression Performance Comparisons“, accepted for IEEE International Conference on Image Processing (ICIP), Bordeaux, 2022.